Prediabetes Risk Test

NATIONAL DIABETES PREVENTION DDOGDAM

			ROGR	power	ed by
	e your score in Hei boxes below	ight		Weight (lbs.)	
Younger than 40 years (0 points)		10"	119-142	143-190	191+
40–49 years (1 point) 50–59 years (2 points)	4'1	11"	124-147	148-197	198+
60 years or older (3 points)	5'	'0"	128-152	153-203	204+
	5"	'1''	132-157	158-210	211+
2. Are you a man or a woman?	5'	2"	136-163	164-217	218+
Man (1 point) Woman (0 points)		'3"	141-168	169-224	225+
3. If you are a woman, have you ever been	5'	'4''	145-173	174-231	232+
diagnosed with gestational diabetes?	5'	5"	150-179	180-239	240+
Yes (1 point) No (0 points)	5'	6"	155-185	186-246	247+
		7"	159-190	191-254	255+
4. Do you have a mother, father, sister, or brother with diabetes?	5'	8"	164-196	197-261	262+
	5"	'9"	169-202	203-269	270+
Yes (1 point) No (0 points)	5'1	10"	174-208	209-277	278+
5. Have you ever been diagnosed		11"	179-214	215-285	286+
with high blood pressure?	6'	'0"	184-220	221-293	294+
Yes (1 point) No (0 points)	6'	'1''	189-226	227-301	302+
6. Are you physically active?	6'	'2"	194-232	233-310	311+
Yes (0 points) No (1 point)		'3"	200-239	240-318	319+
		'4"	205-245	246-327	328+
7. What is your weight category?			1 Point	2 Points	3 Points
(See chart at right)	-	You weigh less than the 1 Point column (0 points)			

If you scored 5 or higher

You are at increased risk for having prediabetes and are at high risk for type 2 diabetes. However, only your doctor can tell for sure if you have type 2 diabetes or prediabetes, a condition in which blood sugar levels are higher than normal but not high enough yet to be diagnosed as type 2 diabetes. Talk to your doctor to see if additional testing is needed.

If you are African American, Hispanic/Latino American, American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian American, or Pacific Islander, you are at higher risk for prediabetes and type 2 diabetes. Also, if you are Asian American, you are at increased risk for type 2 diabetes at a lower weight (about 15 pounds lower than weights in the 1 Point column). Talk to your doctor to see if you should have your blood sugar tested.

You can reduce your risk for type 2 diabetes

Find out how you can reverse prediabetes and prevent or delay type 2 diabetes through a CDC-recognized lifestyle change program at https://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention/lifestyle-program.

Risk Test provided by the American Diabetes Association and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.





